What is claimed is:

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1. A method of stimulating stem cell recruitment, proliferation, or differentiation to stimulate myelopoiesis comprising,

identifying a mammalian subject in need of stem cell recruitment, proliferation, or differentiation to treat, prevent, or reduce myelopsuppression, and administering to the mammalian subject a composition comprising a vascular endothelial growth factor B (VEGF-B) product, in an amount effective to stimulate myelopoiesis in the subject.

- 10 ' 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the mammalian subject is human.
 - 3. The method of claim 1 or 2, wherein the identifying comprises selecting a subject undergoing antineoplastic chemotherapy.
- 4. The method of claim 3, wherein the administering comprises administering the composition contemporaneously with, or after, administering the antineoplastic chemotherapy.
 - 5. The method of claim 1 or 2, wherein the identifying comprises selecting a bone marrow transplant subject.
- 6. The method of claim 5, wherein the administering comprises administering the composition contemporaneously with, or after, the bone marrow transplant.
 - 7. The method of claim 1 or 2, wherein the identifying comprises selecting a subject undergoing antineoplastic radiation therapy.
- 8. The method of claim 7, wherein the administering comprises administering the composition contemporaneously with, or after, administering the radiation therapy.
 - 9. The method of claim 1 or 2, wherein the identifying comprises:

 measuring circulating white blood cells or bone-marrow derived stem cells in the subject to screen for myelosuppression.
- 30 10. The method of claim 9, wherein the measuring comprises measuring CD34+ stem cells.

- 11. The method of claim 9, wherein the measuring comprises measuring hematopoietic stem cells.
- 12. The method of any one of claims 1-11, wherein the method further comprises monitoring the number of circulating white blood cells or bone-marrow derived stem cells after administration of the composition.
- 13. The method of claim 12, wherein the monitoring comprises detection of at least one cell surface marker selected from the group consisting of VEGFR-1, VEGFR-2, and CD34.
- 14. The method of any one of claims 1-13, further comprising administering to said subject an agent selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF), macrophage-CSF (M-CSF), granulocyte-macrophage-CSF (GM-CSF), interleukin-3 (IL-3), stem cell factor (SCF), vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF), vascular endothelial growth factor D (VEGF-D), platelet derived growth factor A (PDGF-A), platelet derived growth factor B (PDGF-B), platelet derived growth factor C (PDGF-C), platelet derived growth factor D (PDGF-D), and placental growth factor (PIGF);
- (b) a polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding any member of (a), and
 - (c) combinations thereof.

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15. A method of stimulating stem cell proliferation or differentiation, comprising,

obtaining a biological sample from a mammalian subject, wherein said sample comprises stem cells, and

- 25 contacting the stem cells with a composition comprising a vascular endothelial growth factor B (VEGF-B) product.
 - 16. The method according to claim 15, further comprising a step of purifying and isolating the stem cells after obtaining the sample and before the contacting step.

- 17. The method according to claim 15 or 16, further comprising a step of purifying and isolating the stem cells after the contacting step.
- 18. The method according to claim 17, wherein the purified stem cells comprise VEGFR-1+ stem cells.
- 5 19. The method according to claim 17 or 18, wherein the purified stem cells comprise CD34+ stem cells.
 - 20. The method according to any one of claims 17-19, wherein the purified stem cells comprise CD133+ stem cells.
- The method according to any one of claims 15-20, wherein the contacting comprises culturing the stem cells in a culture containing the VEGF-B product.
 - 22. The method according to any one of claims 15-21, further comprising a step of returning the stem cells to the mammalian subject.
- The method according to any one of claims 15-22, further comprising a step of transplanting the cells into a different mammalian subject.
 - 24. The method of claim 22 or 23, wherein the cells are seeded into a tissue, organ, or artificial matrices ex vivo, and said tissue, organ, or artificial matrix is attached, implanted, or transplanted into the mammalian subject.
- 25. The method according to any one of claims 15-24, wherein the mammalian subject is human.
 - 26. The method according to any one of claims 15-25, wherein the human subject needs antineoplastic chemotherapy.
 - 27. The method of claim 26, wherein the biological sample is obtained prior to administering a dose of chemotherapy, and wherein the stem cells are returned to the human subject after the contacting and after the dose of chemotherapy.

- 28. The method according to any one of claims 1-14 and 15-27, wherein the VEGF-B product comprises a VEGF-B polypeptide.
 - 29. The method of claim 28, wherein the VEGF-B is glycosylated.

- 30. The method of any one of claims 1-14 and 15-27, wherein the VEGF-B product comprises a polynucleotide that encodes a VEGF-B polypeptide.
- 31. The method of claim 30, wherein the VEGF-B product comprises a viral vector containing the polynucleotide.
- 5 32. The method of claim 31, wherein the vector comprises a replication-deficient adenoviral or adeno-associated viral vector.
 - 33. The method of any one of claims 28-32, wherein the VEGF-B polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, or a fragment thereof that binds VEGFR-1.
- The method of claim 28 or 29, wherein the VEGF-B polypeptide is associated as a heterodimer with a VEGF polypeptide.
 - 35. The method of claims 1-34, wherein the VEGF-B polypeptide binds VEGFR-1 and is encoded by a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions with the complement of the polynucleotide in SEQ ID NO: 1 or 3.
- 15 36. The method of any one of claims 1-35, wherein the VEGF-B product further comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
 - 37. A method of stimulating stem cell recruitment, proliferation, or differentiation comprising,
- identifying a mammalian subject in need of stem cell
 recruitment, proliferation, or differentiation to treat or prevent ischemia, and
 administering to the subject a composition comprising a
 platelet derived growth factor (PDGF) product.
 - 38. The method of claim 37, wherein the subject is human.
- The method of claim 37 or 38, wherein the PDGF product
 comprises at least one member selected from the group consisting of PDGF-A,
 PDGF-B, PDGF-C, and PDGF-D products.
 - 40. The method of claim 37 or 38, wherein the PDGF product binds PDGFR- α .
- 41. The method of claim 37 or 38, wherein the PDGF product comprises at least a PDGF-C product.

- 42. The method of claim 37 or 38, wherein the PDGF product comprises a PDGF polypeptide.
- 43. The method of claim 37 or 38, wherein the PDGF product comprises a polynucleotide that encodes a PDGF polypeptide.

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- 44. The method of claim 43, wherein the PDGF product comprises a viral vector containing the polynucleotide.
 - 45. The method of claim 44, wherein the vector comprises a replication-deficient adenoviral or adeno-associated viral vector.
- 46. The method of any one of claims 42-45, wherein the PDGF polypeptide comprises a portion of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 7 or 9 that is effective to bind PDGFR-alpha or PDGFR-beta.
 - 47. The method of any one of claims 42-45, wherein the PDGF polypeptide binds PDGFR-alpha or PDGFR-beta and is encoded by a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions with the complement of the polynucleotide in SEQ ID NO: 6 or 8.
 - 48. The method of any one of claims 37 or 38, wherein the PDGF polypeptide comprises a member selected from the group consisting of a PDGF-A polypeptide, a PDGF-B polypeptide, a PDGF-C polypeptide, a PDGF-D polypeptide, combinations thereof, or fragments thereof that bind to at least one of PDGF receptors alpha and beta (PDGFR-alpha, PDGFR-beta).
 - 49. The method of any one of claims 37 or 38, wherein the PDGF polypeptide comprises a PDGF-C or PDGF-D polypeptide or a fragment thereof that binds to at least one of PDGF receptors alpha and beta (PDGFR-alpha, PDGFR-beta).
- 50. The method of any one of claims 37-49, wherein the composition further comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
 - 51. The method of any one of claims 37-50, further comprising administering to said subject an agent selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF), macrophage-CSF (M-CSF), granulocyte-macrophage-CSF (GM-CSF), interleukin-3 (IL-3), stem cell factor (SCF), vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF), vascular endothelial growth factor C (VEGF-C), vascular

endothelial growth factor D (VEGF-D), platelet derived growth factor A (PDGF-A), platelet derived growth factor B (PDGF-B), platelet derived growth factor C (PDGF-C), platelet derived growth factor D (PDGF-D), and placental growth factor (PIGF);

- (b) a polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence encodingany member of (a), and
 - (c) (c) combinations thereof.

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52. A method of stimulating stem cell proliferation or differentiation, comprising,

obtaining a biological sample from a mammalian subject, wherein said sample comprises stem cells, and

contacting the stem cells with a composition comprising a platelet derived growth factor C (PDGF-C) product or platelet derived growth factor D (PDGF-D) product.

- 53. The method according to claim 52, further comprising contacting the cells with at least one additional PDGF product selected from the group consisting of a PDGF-A product, a PDGF-B product, a PDGF-C product and a PDGF-D product.
 - 54. The method according to claim 52, further comprising a step of isolating the stem cells after obtaining the sample and before the contacting step.
- 20 55. The method according to claim 52, further comprising a step of purifying and isolating the stem cells after the contacting step.
 - 56. The method according to claim 55, wherein the purified stem cells comprise cells that express PDGFR-alpha.
- 57. The method according to claim 55 or 56, wherein the purified stem cells comprise CD34+ stem cells.
 - 58. The method according to any one of claims 52 and 53-57, wherein the contacting comprises culturing the stem cells in a culture containing the PDGF-C product or PDGF-D product.

- 59. The method according to any one of claims 52 and 53-58, further comprising a step of returning the stem cells to the mammalian subject after the contacting step.
- 60. The method according to any one of claims 52 and 53-58,
 further comprising a step of transplanting the cells into a different mammalian subject after the contacting step.
 - 61. The method of claim 59 or 60, wherein the cells are seeded into a tissue, organ, or artificial matrix ex vivo, and said tissue, organ, or artificial matrix is attached, implanted, or transplanted into the mammalian subject.
- 10 62. The method according to any one of claims 52 and 53-61, wherein the mammalian subject is human.
 - 63. The method according to any one of claims 52 and 53-62, wherein the human subject needs antineoplastic chemotherapy.
- 64. The method of claim 62, wherein the biological sample is obtained prior to administering a dose of chemotherapy, and wherein the stem cells are returned to the human subject after the contacting and after the dose of chemotherapy.
 - 65. The method of any one of claims claim 52-62, wherein the PDGF-C product or PDGF-D product comprises a PDGF-C polypeptide or PDGF-D polypeptide.

- 66. The method of any one of claims 52-62, wherein the product comprises a polynucleotide that encodes a PDGF-C polypeptide or a PDGF-D polypeptide.
- 67. The method of claim 66, wherein the product comprises a viral vector containing the polynucleotide.
 - 68. The method of claim 67, wherein the vector comprises a replication-deficient adenoviral or adeno-associated viral vector.
- 69. The method of any one of claims 65-68, wherein the polypeptide comprises a portion of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:
 7 or 9 that is effective to bind PDGFR-alpha or PDGFR-beta.

- 70. The method of any one of claims 65-68, wherein the PDGF polypeptide binds PDGFR-alpha or PDGFR-beta and is encoded by a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions with the complement of the polynucleotide in SEQ ID NO: 6 or 8.
- 71. The method of any one of claim 52 and 53-70, wherein the composition further comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

- 72. The method of any one of claims 52 and 53-71, further comprising administering to said subject an agent selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF), macrophage-CSF (M-CSF), granulocyte-macrophage-CSF (GM-CSF), interleukin-3 (IL-3), stem cell factor (SCF), vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF), vascular endothelial growth factor B (VEGF-B), vascular endothelial growth factor C (VEGF-C), vascular endothelial growth factor D (VEGF-D), platelet derived growth factor A (PDGF-A), platelet derived growth factor B (PDGF-B), platelet derived growth factor C (PDGF-C), platelet derived growth factor D (PDGF-D), and placental growth factor (PIGF);
 - (b) a polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding any member of (a), and
 - (c) combinations thereof.
- 73. The method of claim 54, wherein the isolating comprises isolating AC133+/CD34+ cells from the biological sample.
 - 74. The method according to any one of claims 52 and 53-73, wherein the contacting comprises contacting the stem cells with the composition until stem cells differentiate into CD144+ cells.
- 75. The method according to any one of claims 52 and 53-73, wherein the contacting comprises contacting the stem cells with the composition until stem cells differentiate into SMA+/CD144-/CD31-/CD34- cells.
 - 76. The method according to any one of claims 52 and 53-73, wherein the composition further comprises a VEGF-A product.

- 77. The method according to any one of claims 52 and 53-76, wherein the contacting comprises culturing the stem cells in a culture containing the PDGF-C product.
- 78. The method according to any one of claims 52 and 53-77,
 further comprising a step of returning the stem cells to the mammalian subject after the contacting step.
 - 79. The method of claim 78, wherein the cells are seeded into a tissue, organ, or artificial matrix ex vivo, and said tissue, organ, or artificial matrix is attached or implanted into the mammalian subject.
- 10 80. The method according to any one of claims 52 and 53-77, further comprising a step of transplanting the cells into a different mammalian subject after the contacting step.
 - 81. The method of claim 80, wherein the cells are seeded into a tissue, organ, or artificial matrix ex vivo, and said tissue, organ, or artificial matrix is attached or transplanted into the different mammalian subject.
 - 82. The method according to any one of claims 52 and 53-77, wherein the mammalian subject is human.
 - 83. The method according to claim 82, wherein the human subject has an ischemic condition.
- 20 84. The method of claim 65, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 7 or 9 and binds to at least one receptor selected from PDGFR-alpha and PDGFR-beta.
 - 85. The method of claim 65, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence at least 95% identical to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 10 and binds to and/or activates at least one receptor selected from PDGFR- α/α and PDGFR- α/β .
 - 86. The method of any one of claims 84 or 85, wherein the PDGF-C polypeptide binds PDGFR-α and is encoded by a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions with the complement of the polynucleotide in SEQ ID NO:

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- 87. The method of claim 65, wherein the polypeptide binds PDGFR-alpha or PDGFR-beta and is encoded by a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions with the complement of the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO: 6 or 8.
- 5 88. A method of stimulating stem cell proliferation or differentiation, comprising,

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obtaining a biological sample from a mammalian subject, wherein said sample comprises stem cells;

contacting a first aliquot of the stem cells with a first composition comprising a first growth factor product selected from a VEGF-B product and PDGF-C product; and

contacting a second aliquot of the stem cells with a second composition comprising a second growth factor product independently selected from the group consisting of VEGF-A, VEGF-B, VEGF-C, VEGF-D, PDGF-A, PDGF-B, PDGF-C, and PIGF products,

wherein the first and second growth factor products are not the same.

- 89. The method of claim 88, wherein the first growth factor product is a PDGF-C product and the second growth factor product is a VEGF-A product.
- 90. A method of promoting differentiation of stem cells into both endothelial and smooth muscle cells, comprising:

obtaining a biological sample from a mammalian subject, wherein said sample comprises stem cells; and

- 25 contacting the cells with a composition comprising a platelet-derived growth factor-C (PDGF-C) product, in an amount and for a time sufficient to cause the cells to differentiate into both endothelial and smooth muscle cells.
- 91. The method according to any of claims 88-90, further comprising returning the cells to the mammalian subject after the contacting.

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- 92. The method of claim 91, wherein the mammalian subject has an ischemic condition.
 - 93. A method of ameliorating an ischemic condition comprising:
 - (a) diagnosing a mammalian subject with an ischemic condition;
- (b) isolating a biological sample from the mammalian subject, wherein the biological sample comprises stem cells;
 - (c) contacting the cells with a composition comprising a plateletderived growth factor-C (PDGF-C) product, in an amount and for a time sufficient to cause the cells to differentiate into both endothelial and smooth muscle cells; and
- 10 (d) returning the cells to the mammalian subject.

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94. The method according to claim 93, wherein the returning comprises implanting or injecting the cells into or adjacent to ischemic tissue of the mammalian subject.